The impact of veterinarian-farmer engagement on sheep lameness: a clinical impressions study.

Alexandra Ashworth¹, Rebecca Cole¹, Hannah Mckerrow¹, Bridget Girvan¹, Liz Cresswell¹.

INTRODUCTION

The 'Five Point Plan' was developed by Food Animal Initiative farms in 2014 and adopted as the UK national strategy for tackling lameness in sheep.

OBJECTIVE

The objective of the study was to:

- Encourage vets and farmers to engage with reducing lameness in UK sheep flocks.
- Increase implementation of the 'Five Point Plan'.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

- January-June 2020 veterinary practices across the UK approached for interest in participation in a clinical impressions study.
- Veterinary visit to each enrolled farm based on Five Point Plan:
 - > Veterinary assessment of lameness prevalence.
 - > Establishment of antibiotic use using farm medicine and treatment records.
 - > Identification of measures which could be taken to reduce lameness on an individual flock basis.
- Primary course of *Dichelobacter nodosus* vaccine (Footvax®, MSD Animal Health) provided for each animal in participating flocks.
- Veterinary follow-up visit 6-9 months later.
- Anonymised questionnaire to gain feedback on farmer perceptions of the impact of the study on lameness in their flocks.

Significant gains can be made in a short period of time with concentrated focus between vet and farmer on lameness in sheep flocks using Five Point Lameness Control Plan.





RESULTS

The impact of veterinarianfarmer engagement on sheep lameness: a clinical impressions study

Twenty seven veterinary practices recruited with 70 sheep farms enrolled.

Average flock size - 630 breeding ewes (range 60-2300).

In total 44,000 sheep vaccinated.

During the 6-9 months of the study, the average flock lameness decreased from 13% (range 3-40%) to 5% (range 1-15%).

Farmer feedback survey highlighted the positive impact of focused vetfarmer engagement around lameness control in the flock **(Table. 1)**.



TABLE 1. Highlights from the farmer survey.

Opinion statement selected in the survey	Percentage of farmers
Previously unaware of the Five Point Plan	33%
Considered there were difficulties in implementing parts of the Five Point Plan on their farm	54%
Found the project and subsequent veterinary engagement useful	97%
Will continue to implement the Five Point Plan	95%
Will continue to vaccinate their sheep against footrot	82%

AUTHORS' AFFILIATION

MSD Animal Health, Milton Keynes, United Kingdom.

